(c) what steps are being taken by Government to rehabilitate the slum dwellers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI P. K. THUNGON): (a) to (c) The present policy in regard to JJ Cluster is that, on the one hand, no fresh encroachment shall be permitted by the land owning agencies on public land and, on the other hand, encroachments which were in existence prior to 31.1.90 would not be removed without providing alternative sites.

To improve the living conditions in Jhuggi Jhopri Clusters in Delhi, the Govt. of National Capital Territory of Delhi have been implementing the following three pronged strategy;

(i) relocation of resettlement of eligible Jhuggi Jhopri dwellers from the land urgently required for public projects.

(ii) provision of minimum basic amenities in the JJ Clusters which are situated on such public land as are earmarked for public projects but not immediately required for implementation; and

(iii) in-situ upgradation of identified Jhuggi Jhopri clusters situated on public land which are not earmarked for any project and are not required in the foreseeable future after obtaining no objection certificate from the Land Owning Agency. The Slum Wing of the Municipal Corporation of Delhi have resettled 3,674 Jhuggi Jhopri households during the period from 1990-91 to 1994-95 (upto October, 1994)

Development of Parks, Schools and Police Stations in DDA Colonies

621. SHRI ISH DUTT YADAV: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) in how many cases the sites in DDA colonies earmarked for parks, schools and police station have been developed and have been handed over to respective authorities for utilisations.

(b) in how many cases the utilisation of the land earmarked for schools, parks and police station etc. in DDA colonies was changed stating the reasons therefor; and

(c) what are the reasons for delay in the development of the remaining sites in DDA colonies earmarked for such purpose?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI P. K. THUNGON): (a) to (c) Alongwith the development of the colonies, the sites earmarked for parks, schools and police stations are also developed and handed over to the concerned authorities as per their demand and availability. Facilities like schools, parks and police stations are provided the plans as per requirements of the Master Plan/Zonal Plan. Generally, these are not modified except in the cases of felt requirements.

Housing Scheme for weaker sections in Gujarat

622. SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have launched a new housing scheme for providing housing for people below the poverty line and those belonging to the SCs. STs. and weaker sections;

(b) if so, the details thereof, and

(c) how much amount would be earmarked proportionately for Gujarat State for implementation of the above scheme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI P. K. THUNGON): (a) and (b) The undermentioned housing schemes for the urban poor are under implementation in the Central Sector:—

(i) Housing and Shelter upgradation scheme for the urban poor, as part of

Nehru Rojgar Yojana (NRY) introduced during 1989-90.

(ii) Footpath Dwellers Night Shelter Scheme introduced in 1988-89 to provide for shelter and sanitation facilities to the pavement dwellers in cities.

Apart from the above, no other scheme for urban poor has been launched by Government.

However, a scheme named Indira Awas Yojana is being implemented by Government since 1985-86 to provide free dwelling units to rural poor belonging to SC/ST and freed bonded labourers. The scope of this scheme has since been enlarged in 1993-94 with additional allocations to cover SC/ST rural poor.

Another rural housing scheme has been launched recently with a view to Strengthen and enhance various efforts made in different States to provide housing for persons below poverty line and persons belonging to weaker sections of society. Under this scheme, funds are provided to the States to the extent of 50 per cent of the total allocations made by them for rural housing programme over and above the level of expenditure incurred by them in 1992-93. The total outlay during 8th Plan for this scheme is Rs. 350 crores.

(c) The progress of implementation of the above mentioned two rural housing schemes in Gujarat is as under :—

Scheme	Amount released (Rs. in lakhs)	Dwelling units
Indira Awas Yojana	5234·07	52170
Rural Housing Scheme for persons below poverty line and Weaker sections	176·00	Not available

गुजरात में पेयजल हेतु स्वीकृत योजनाएं

623. **श्रीमती आनन्दीबेन जेठाभाई पटेल:** क्या **शहरी विकास** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) गत दो वर्षों के दौरान गुजरात के शहरी क्षेत्रों में पेय जल उपलब्ध कराने की कितनी योजनाओं को स्वीकृति प्रदान की गई है ;

(ख) इनमें से प्रत्येक योजना के कार्यान्वयन हेतु कितनी धनराशि का आबंटन किया गया है ;

(ग) राज्य के वे अन्य शहर और नगर कौन-कौन से हैं जिनके लिए इन योजनाओं को स्वीकृति प्रदान की गई है ; और

(घ) इन योजनाओं के कब तक पूरा हो जाने की सम्भावना है ?

शहरी विकास मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी० के० थुंगन) : (क) 20,000 से कम आबादी वाले कस्बों के लिए सुलभ शहरी जलापूर्ति कार्यक्रम के तहत गुजरात के शहरी क्षेत्रों में पेय जल उपलब्ध कराने के लिए 8 स्कीमें मंजूर की गई हैं।

(ख) 71.09 लाख रुपए की राशि दे दी गई है। प्रत्येक कस्बे के लिए स्कीम-वार आबंटन संलग्न विवरण में दिया गया है **(नीचे देखिए)**।

(ग) कोई नहीं।

(घ) राज्य सरकार से चुने गये कस्बों की विस्तृत रिपोर्ट अभी प्राप्त नहीं हुई है अतः पूर्ण होने की सम्भावित तारीख ज्ञात नहीं है।